

## D03RYF – NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

**Note.** Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

D03RYF is designed to be used in conjunction with D03RBF. It can be called from the user-supplied subroutine INIDOM to check the user-specified initial grid data and to obtain a simple graphical representation of the initial grid.

### 2 Specification

```

SUBROUTINE D03RYF(NX, NY, NPTS, NROWS, NBND, NBPTS, LROW, IROW,
1          ICOL, LLBND, ILBND, LBND, IWK, LENIWK, PGRID,
2          IFAIL)
INTEGER    NX, NY, NPTS, NROWS, NBND, NBPTS, LROW(NROWS),
1          IROW(NROWS), ICOL(NPTS), LLBND(NBND),
2          ILBND(NBND), LBND(NBPTS), IWK(Leniwk), LENIWK,
3          IFAIL
CHARACTER*(*) PGRID(NY)

```

### 3 Description

D03RYF outputs a character array which can be printed to provide a simple graphical representation of the virtual and base grids supplied to D03RBF. It must be called only from within the user-supplied subroutine INIDOM after all output parameters of INIDOM (other than IERR) have been set. D03RYF also checks the validity of the grid data specified in INIDOM.

The user is strongly advised to call D03RYF during the initial call of D03RBF (at least) and to print the resulting character array in order to check that the base grid is exactly as required.

D03RYF writes a representation of each point in the virtual and base grids to the character array PGRID as follows:

Internal base grid points are written as two dots (..);

Boundary base grid points are written as the ILBND value (i.e., the type) of the boundary;

Points external to the base grid are written as XX.

As an example, consider a rectangular domain with a rectangular hole in which the virtual domain extends by one base grid point beyond the actual domain in all directions. The output when each row of PGRID is printed consecutively is as follows:

```

XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX
XX 23  3  3  3  3  3  3  3  3  3  3  34 XX
XX  2  .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 4 XX
XX  2  .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 4 XX
XX  2  .. .. 14  1  1  1  1 21 .. .. 4 XX
XX  2  .. ..  4 XX XX XX XX  2 .. .. 4 XX
XX  2  .. ..  4 XX XX XX XX  2 .. .. 4 XX
XX  2  .. ..  4 XX XX XX XX  2 .. .. 4 XX
XX  2  .. ..  4 XX XX XX XX  2 .. .. 4 XX
XX  2  .. ..  4 XX XX XX XX  2 .. .. 4 XX
XX  2  .. .. 43  3  3  3  3 32 .. .. 4 XX
XX  2  .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 4 XX
XX  2  .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. 4 XX
XX 12  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1 41 XX
XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX XX

```

## 4 References

None.

## 5 Parameters

- 1:** NX — INTEGER *Input*  
**2:** NY — INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the number of virtual grid points in the  $x$ - and  $y$ -direction respectively (including the boundary points).  
*Constraints:* NX and NY  $\geq 4$ .
- 3:** NPTS — INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the total number of points in the base grid.  
*Constraint:* NPTS  $\leq$  NX  $\times$  NY.
- 4:** NROWS — INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the total number of rows of the virtual grid that contain base grid points.  
*Constraint:*  $4 \leq$  NROWS  $\leq$  NY.
- 5:** NBNDS — INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the total number of physical boundaries and corners in the base grid.  
*Constraint:* NBNDS  $\geq 8$ .
- 6:** NBPTS — INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the total number of boundary points in the base grid.  
*Constraint:*  $12 \leq$  NBPTS  $<$  NPTS.
- 7:** LROW(NROWS) — INTEGER array *Input*  
*On entry:* LROW( $i$ ) for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NROWS}$  contains the base grid index of the first grid point in base grid row  $i$   
*Constraints:*  
 $1 \leq \text{LROW}(i) \leq \text{NPTS}$  for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NROWS}$ ,  
 $\text{LROW}(i-1) < \text{LROW}(i)$ ,  $i = 2, 3, \dots, \text{NROWS}$ .
- 8:** IROW(NROWS) — INTEGER array *Input*  
*On entry:* IROW( $i$ ) for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NROWS}$  contains the virtual grid row number that corresponds to base grid row  $i$ .  
*Constraints:*  
 $0 \leq \text{IROW}(i) \leq \text{NY}$  for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NROWS}$ ,  
 $\text{IROW}(i-1) < \text{IROW}(i)$ ,  $i = 2, 3, \dots, \text{NROWS}$ .
- 9:** ICOL(NPTS) — INTEGER array *Input*  
*On entry:* ICOL( $i$ ) for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NPTS}$  contains the virtual grid column number that contains base grid point  $i$ .  
*Constraint:*  $0 \leq \text{ICOL}(i) \leq \text{NX}$  for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NPTS}$ .

- 10:** LLBND(NBNDS) — INTEGER array *Input*  
*On entry:* LLBND( $i$ ) for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NBNDS}$  contains the element of LBND corresponding to the start of the  $i$ th boundary (or corner).  
*Constraints:*  
 $1 \leq \text{LLBND}(i) \leq \text{NBPTS}$  for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NBNDS}$ ,  
 $\text{LLBND}(i-1) < \text{LLBND}(i)$ ,  $i = 2, 3, \dots, \text{NBNDS}$ .
- 11:** ILBND(NBNDS) — INTEGER array *Input*  
*On entry:* ILBND( $i$ ) for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NBNDS}$  contains the type of the  $i$ th boundary (or corner), as defined in D03RBF.  
*Constraint:* ILBND( $i$ ) must be equal to one of the following: 1, 2, 3, 4, 12, 23, 34, 41, 21, 32, 43 or 14, for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NBNDS}$ .
- 12:** LBND(NBPTS) — INTEGER array *Input*  
*On entry:* LBND( $i$ ) for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NBPTS}$  contains the grid index of the  $i$ th boundary point.  
*Constraint:*  $1 \leq \text{LBND}(i) \leq \text{NPTS}$  for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NBPTS}$ .
- 13:** IWK(LENIWK) — INTEGER array *Workspace*
- 14:** LENIWK — INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the dimension of the array IWK as declared in the (sub)program from which D03RYF is called.  
*Constraint:*  $\text{LENIWK} \geq \text{NX} \times \text{NY} + 1$ .
- 15:** PGRID(NY) — CHARACTER\*(\*) *Output*  
*On exit:* PGRID( $i$ ) for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NY}$  contains a graphical representation of row  $\text{NY} - i + 1$  of the virtual grid (see Section 3).  
*Constraint:*  $\text{LEN}(\text{PGRID}(1)) \geq 3 \times \text{NX}$ .
- 16:** IFAIL — INTEGER *Input/Output*  
*On entry:* IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. For users not familiar with this parameter (described in Chapter P01) the recommended value is 0.  
*On exit:* IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

- On entry,  $\text{NX}$  or  $\text{NY} < 4$ ,
- or  $\text{NPTS} > \text{NX} \times \text{NY}$ ,
- or  $\text{NROWS} < 4$ ,
- or  $\text{NROWS} > \text{NY}$ ,
- or  $\text{NBNDS} < 8$ ,
- or  $\text{NBPTS} < 12$ ,
- or  $\text{NBPTS} \geq \text{NPTS}$ ,
- or  $\text{LROW}(i) < 1$  for some  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NROWS}$ ,
- or  $\text{LROW}(i) > \text{NPTS}$  for some  $i = 1, 2, \dots, \text{NROWS}$ ,
- or  $\text{LROW}(i) \leq \text{LROW}(i-1)$  for some  $i = 2, 3, \dots, \text{NROWS}$ ,

- or  $IROW(i) < 0$  for some  $i = 1, 2, \dots, NROWS$ ,
- or  $IROW(i) > NY$  for some  $i = 1, 2, \dots, NROWS$ ,
- or  $IROW(i) \leq IROW(i-1)$  for some  $i = 2, 3, \dots, NROWS$ ,
- or  $ICOL(i) < 0$  for some  $i = 1, 2, \dots, NPTS$ ,
- or  $ICOL(i) > NX$  for some  $i = 1, 2, \dots, NPTS$ ,
- or  $LLBND(i) < 1$  for some  $i = 1, 2, \dots, NBNDS$ ,
- or  $LLBND(i) > NBPTS$  for some  $i = 1, 2, \dots, NBNDS$ ,
- or  $LLBND(i) \leq LLBND(i-1)$  for some  $i = 2, 3, \dots, NBPTS$ ,
- or  $ILBND(i) \neq 1, 2, 3, 4, 12, 23, 34, 41, 21, 32, 43$  or  $14$ , for some  $i = 1, 2, \dots, NBNDS$ ,
- or  $LBND(i) < 1$  for some  $i = 1, 2, \dots, NBPTS$ ,
- or  $LBND(i) > NPTS$  for some  $i = 1, 2, \dots, NBPTS$ ,
- or  $LENIWK < NX \times NY + 1$ ,
- or  $LEN(PGRID(1)) < 3 \times NX$ .

## 7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

## 8 Further Comments

None.

## 9 Example

See Section 9 of the document for D03RBF.

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