G01AGF - NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G01AGF performs a scatter plot of two variables on a character printing device, with a chosen number of character positions in each direction.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE GO1AGF(X, Y, NOBS, ISORT, NSTEPX, NSTEPY, IFAIL) INTEGER NOBS, ISORT(NOBS), NSTEPX, NSTEPY, IFAIL real X(NOBS), Y(NOBS)
```

3 Description

The routine finds the range of the data in each dimension and calculates a step size for each division on the axes; these step sizes are selected from the list

```
(0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.75, 0.8) \times power of 10.
```

The axes are drawn and annotated and data points are plotted on the nearest character position. The character plotted is either a digit 1 to 9 for the equivalent number of occurrences of a point at a particular character position, an alphabetic A to Z for 10 to 35 occurrences, or * if there are more than 35 coincident occurrences. Axes are drawn on all sides of the plot with the left-hand and bottom ones annotated; zero axes are also marked if included in the plotting area.

The Fortran logical unit number used for the output is the current advisory message unit number defined for each implementation. This number may be changed by an appropriate call to X04ABF before calling G01AGF.

4 References

None.

5 Parameters

1: X(NOBS) — real array

Input

On entry: the values to be plotted in the x-direction.

2: Y(NOBS) - real array

Input/Output

On entry: the values to be plotted in the y-direction.

On exit: the elements of Y are sorted into descending order of magnitude.

3: NOBS — INTEGER

Input

On entry: the number of observations to be plotted.

Constraint: NOBS > 1.

4: ISORT(NOBS) — INTEGER array

Output

On exit: the key to the descending order of the elements in array Y, i.e., ISORT(i) contains the position of the value Y(i) in the original array Y, for i = 1, 2, ..., NOBS.

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5: NSTEPX — INTEGER

Input

On entry: the number of steps (character positions) to be plotted in the x-direction. If the supplied value of NSTEPX is less than 10, the value 10 will be used by the routine. The maximum value for NSTEPX is the number of character positions available on the chosen output device less 15, up to a maximum of 133. If NSTEPX exceeds 133 on input, the value 133 will be used by the routine.

6: NSTEPY — INTEGER

Input

On entry: the number of steps (character positions) to be plotted in the y-direction. If the supplied value of NSTEPY is less than 10, the value 10 will be used by the routine. There is no maximum value for NSTEPY, but users should bear in mind that (NSTEPY + 5) records (lines) of output are generated by the routine.

7: IFAIL — INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. For users not familiar with this parameter (described in Chapter P01) the recommended value is 0.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, NOBS < 1.

7 Accuracy

Accuracy is limited by the number of plotting points available.

8 Further Comments

The time taken by the routine may be expected to be approximately proportional to the product $NOBS \times NSTEPX \times NSTEPY$.

No blank records are output before or after the plot.

Users must make sure that it is permissible to write records containing NSTEPX characters to the current advisory message unit.

9 Example

The data relate to wheat and potato yields in 48 counties in England in 1936. The example illustrates the use of X04ABF to set the logical unit number, used for the output of G01AGF, to the value specified NOUT.

9.1 Program Text

Note. The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

- * GO1AGF Example Program Text
- * Mark 14 Revised. NAG Copyright 1989.
- * .. Parameters ..

INTEGER NOBS
PARAMETER (NOBS=48)
INTEGER NIN, NOUT

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```
PARAMETER
                      (NIN=5, NOUT=6)
     .. Local Scalars ..
                     I, IFAIL, NSTEPX, NSTEPY
     INTEGER
     .. Local Arrays ..
                      X(NOBS), Y(NOBS)
     real
     INTEGER
                      ISORT(NOBS)
     .. External Subroutines ..
     EXTERNAL GO1AGF, XO4ABF
     .. Executable Statements ..
     WRITE (NOUT,*) 'GO1AGF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
     READ (NIN,*)
     WRITE (NOUT,*)
     WRITE (NOUT,*)
                    Plot of wheat (X) and potato (Y) yields'
     WRITE (NOUT,*) ' in 48 counties in England in 1936.'
     WRITE (NOUT,*)
     READ (NIN,*) (X(I),Y(I),I=1,NOBS)
     CALL XO4ABF(1,NOUT)
     IFAIL = 0
     NSTEPX = 40
     NSTEPY = 32
     CALL GO1AGF(X,Y,NOBS,ISORT,NSTEPX,NSTEPY,IFAIL)
     IF (IFAIL.NE.O) THEN
        WRITE (NOUT,*)
        WRITE (NOUT,99999) 'G01AGF fails unexpectedly with IFAIL =',
          IFAIL
     END IF
     STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,I2)
     END
```

9.2 Program Data

```
G01AGF Example Program Data

16.0 5.3 16.0 6.6 16.4 6.1 20.5 5.5 18.3 6.9 16.3 6.1 17.7 6.4 15.3 6.3 16.5 7.8 16.9 8.3 21.9 5.7 15.5 6.2 15.9 6.0 16.1 6.1 18.5 6.6 12.7 4.8 15.7 4.9 14.3 5.1 13.9 5.5 12.8 6.7 12.0 6.5 15.6 5.2 15.9 5.2 16.7 7.1 14.3 4.9 14.4 5.6 15.2 6.4 14.1 6.9 15.5 5.6 16.5 6.1 14.3 5.7 13.2 5.0 13.9 6.5 14.4 6.2 13.5 5.2 11.2 6.6 14.4 5.8 15.5 6.3 18.5 6.3 16.4 5.8 17.1 5.9 16.9 6.5 17.5 5.8 15.9 5.7 19.2 7.2 17.7 6.5 15.2 5.4 17.1 6.3
```

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9.3 Program Results

GO1AGF Example Program Results

Plot of wheat (X) and potato (Y) yields in 48 counties in England in 1936.

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7.500+	+
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6.750+ 1	+
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. 1 113	•
6.000+ 1	+
. 1 1 11	
. 1 1 1	
. 11 1 1	
. 1	•
5.250+ 1 12	+
. 1	•
. 1 1 1	•
. 1	•
4.500+	· +
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10.00 14.00 18.00 22.00 26.00	
12.00 16.00 20.00 24.00	

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