### G02BDF - NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

## 1 Purpose

G02BDF computes means and standard deviations of variables, sums of squares and cross-products about zero, and correlation-like coefficients for a set of data.

# 2 Specification

SUBROUTINE GO2BDF(N, M, X, IX, XBAR, STD, SSPZ, ISSPZ, RZ, IRZ, 1 IFAIL)

INTEGER N, M, IX, ISSPZ, IRZ, IFAIL

real X(IX,M), XBAR(M), STD(M), SSPZ(ISSPZ,M), 1 RZ(IRZ,M)

# 3 Description

The input data consists of n observations for each of m variables, given as an array

$$[x_{ij}], \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n \quad (n \ge 2),$$
 
$$j = 1, 2, \dots, m \quad (m \ge 2).$$

where  $x_{ij}$  is the *i*th observation on the *j*th variable.

The quantities calculated are:

(a) Means:

$$\bar{x}_j = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_{ij}, \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

(b) Standard deviations:

$$s_j = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_j)^2}, \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

(c) Sums of squares and cross-products about zero:

$$\tilde{S}_{jk} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{ij} x_{ik}, \quad j, k = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

(d) Correlation-like coefficients:

$$\tilde{R}_{jk} = \frac{\tilde{S}_{jk}}{\sqrt{\tilde{S}_{jj}\tilde{S}_{kk}}}, \quad j, k = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

If  $\tilde{S}_{jj}$  or  $\tilde{S}_{kk}$  is zero,  $\tilde{R}_{jk}$  is set to zero.

### 4 References

None.

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### 5 Parameters

1: N — INTEGER Input

On entry: the number n, of observations or cases.

Constraint:  $N \geq 2$ .

2: M — INTEGER Input

On entry: the number m, of variables.

Constraint:  $M \ge 2$ .

3: X(IX,M) - real array

Input

On entry: X(i, j) must be set to the value of  $x_{ij}$ , the *i*th observation on the *j*th variable, for i = 1, 2,; j = 1, 2,.

4: IX — INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array X as declared in the (sub)program from which G02BDF is called.

Constraint:  $IX \geq N$ .

5: XBAR(M) - real array

Output

On exit: XBAR(j) contains the mean value,  $\bar{x}_j$ , of the jth variable, for  $j=1,2,\ldots,m$ .

6: STD(M) - real array

Output

On exit: the standard deviation,  $s_j$ , of the jth variable, for j = 1, 2, ..., m.

7: SSPZ(ISSPZ,M) - real array

Output

On exit: SSPZ(j,k) is the cross-product about zero,  $\tilde{S}_{jk}$ , for  $j,k=1,2,\ldots,m$ .

8: ISSPZ — INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array SSPZ as declared in the (sub)program from which G02BDF is called.

Constraint: ISSPZ  $\geq$  M.

9: RZ(IRZ,M) - real array

Output

On exit: RZ(j,k) is the correlation-like coefficient,  $\tilde{R}_{jk}$ , between the jth and kth variables, for  $j,k=1,2,\ldots,m$ .

10: IRZ — INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array RZ as declared in the (sub)program from which G02BDF is called.

Constraint:  $IRZ \geq M$ .

11: IFAIL — INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. For users not familiar with this parameter (described in Chapter P01) the recommended value is 0.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

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## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors detected by the routine:

```
\begin{split} \text{IFAIL} &= 1 \\ &\quad \text{On entry,} \quad N < 2. \\ \\ \text{IFAIL} &= 2 \\ &\quad \text{On entry,} \quad M < 2. \\ \\ \text{IFAIL} &= 3 \\ &\quad \text{On entry,} \quad \text{IX} < \text{N,} \\ &\quad \text{or} \quad \text{ISSPZ} < \text{M,} \\ &\quad \text{or} \quad \text{IRZ} < \text{M.} \end{split}
```

## 7 Accuracy

The routine does not use **additional precision** arithmetic for the accumulation of scalar products, so there may be a loss of significant figures for large n.

### 8 Further Comments

The time taken by the routine depends on n and m.

The routine uses a two-pass algorithm.

## 9 Example

The following program reads in a set of data consisting of five observations on each of three variables. The means, standard deviations, sums of squares and cross-products about zero, and correlation-like coefficients for all three variables are then calculated and printed.

#### 9.1 Program Text

**Note.** The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
GO2BDF Example Program Text
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.. Parameters ..
INTEGER
                 M, N, IA, ISSP, ICORR
PARAMETER
                 (M=3, N=5, IA=N, ISSP=M, ICORR=M)
INTEGER
                 NIN. NOUT
PARAMETER
                 (NIN=5, NOUT=6)
.. Local Scalars ..
INTEGER
                 I, IFAIL, J
.. Local Arrays ..
                 A(IA,M), AMEAN(M), CORR(ICORR,M), SSP(ISSP,M),
real
                 STD(M)
.. External Subroutines ..
EXTERNAL
                 G02BDF
.. Executable Statements ..
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'GO2BDF Example Program Results'
Skip heading in data file
READ (NIN,*)
READ (NIN,*) ((A(I,J),J=1,M),I=1,N)
```

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```
WRITE (NOUT, *)
      WRITE (NOUT, 99999) 'Number of variables (columns) =', M
      WRITE (NOUT,99999) 'Number of cases (rows) =', N
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Data matrix is:-'
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
      WRITE (NOUT,99998) (J,J=1,M)
      WRITE (NOUT,99997) (I,(A(I,J),J=1,M),I=1,N)
      WRITE (NOUT,*)
      IFAIL = 1
      CALL GO2BDF(N,M,A,IA,AMEAN,STD,SSP,ISSP,CORR,ICORR,IFAIL)
      IF (IFAIL.NE.O) THEN
         WRITE (NOUT,99999) 'Routine fails, IFAIL =', IFAIL
      ELSE
         WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Variable Mean
                                             St. dev.'
         WRITE (NOUT,99996) (I,AMEAN(I),STD(I),I=1,M)
         WRITE (NOUT,*)
         WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Sums of squares and cross-products about zero'
         WRITE (NOUT, 99998) (I, I=1, M)
         WRITE (NOUT, 99997) (I, (SSP(I, J), J=1, M), I=1, M)
         WRITE (NOUT,*)
         WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Correlation-like coefficients'
         WRITE (NOUT, 99998) (I, I=1, M)
         WRITE (NOUT, 99997) (I, (CORR(I, J), J=1, M), I=1, M)
      END IF
      STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,I2)
99998 FORMAT (1X,6I12)
99997 FORMAT (1X, I3, 3F12.4)
99996 FORMAT (1X, I5, 2F11.4)
      END
```

### 9.2 Program Data

```
G02BDF Example Program Data

2.00 3.00 3.00

4.00 6.00 4.00

9.00 9.00 0.00

0.00 12.00 2.00

12.00 -1.00 5.00
```

### 9.3 Program Results

```
GO2BDF Example Program Results

Number of variables (columns) = 3

Number of cases (rows) = 5

Data matrix is:-

1 2 3

1 2.0000 3.0000 3.0000
2 4.0000 6.0000 4.0000
3 9.0000 9.0000 0.0000
```

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	4	0.0000	12.0000	2.0000	
	5	12.0000	-1.0000	5.0000	
	Variab	le Mean	St. dev.		
	1	5.4000	4.9800		
	2	5.8000	5.0695		
	3	2.8000	1.9235		
	Sums o	f squares ar	nd cross-pro	ducts about z	ero
		1	2	3	
	1	245.0000	99.0000	82.0000	
	2	99.0000	271.0000	52.0000	
	3	82.0000	52.0000	54.0000	
Correlation-like coefficients					
		1	2	3	
	1	1.0000	0.3842	0.7129	
	2	0.3842	1.0000	0.4299	
	3	0.7129	0.4299	1.0000	

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