NAG Fortran Library Routine Document G03EFF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G03EFF performs K-means cluster analysis.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE GO3EFF(WEIGHT, N, M, X, LDX, ISX, NVAR, K, CMEANS, LDC, WT,

INC, NIC, CSS, CSW, MAXIT, IWK, WK, IFAIL)

INTEGER

N, M, LDX, ISX(M), NVAR, K, LDC, INC(N), NIC(K),

MAXIT, IWK(N+3*K), IFAIL

real

X(LDX,M), CMEANS(LDC,NVAR), WT(*), CSS(K), CSW(K),

WK(N+2*K)

CHARACTER*1

WEIGHT
```

3 Description

Given n objects with p variables measured on each object, x_{ij} for i = 1, 2, ..., n; j = 1, 2, ..., p, G03EFF allocates each object to one of K groups or clusters to minimize the within-cluster sum of squares:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{K} \sum_{i \in S_k} \sum_{j=1}^{p} (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_{kj})^2,$$

where S_k is the set of objects in the kth cluster and \bar{x}_{kj} is the mean for the variable j over cluster k. This is often known as K-means clustering.

In addition to the data matrix, a K by p matrix giving the initial cluster centres for the K clusters is required. The objects are then initially allocated to the cluster with the nearest cluster mean. Given the initial allocation, the procedure is to iteratively search for the K-partition with locally optimal within-cluster sum of squares by moving points from one cluster to another.

Optionally, weights for each object, w_i , can be used so that the clustering is based on within-cluster weighted sums of squares:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{K} \sum_{i \in S_k} \sum_{j=1}^{p} w_i (x_{ij} - \tilde{x}_{kj})^2,$$

where \tilde{x}_{kj} is the weighted mean for variable j over cluster k.

The routine is based on the algorithm of Hartigan and Wong (1979).

4 References

Everitt B S (1974) Cluster Analysis Heinemann

Hartigan J A and Wong M A (1979) Algorithm AS136: A K-means clustering algorithm *Appl. Statist.* **28** 100–108

Kendall M G and Stuart A (1976) *The Advanced Theory of Statistics (Volume 3)* (3rd Edition) Griffin Krzanowski W J (1990) *Principles of Multivariate Analysis* Oxford University Press

[NP3546/20] G03EFF.1

5 Parameters

1: WEIGHT - CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates if weights are to be used.

If WEIGHT = 'U' (Unweighted), then no weights are used.

If WEIGHT = 'W' (Weighted), then weights are used and must be supplied in WT.

Constraint: WEIGHT = 'U' or 'W'.

2: N – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the number of objects, n.

Constraint: N > 1.

3: M – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the total number of variables in array X.

Constraint: $M \ge NVAR$.

4: X(LDX,M) - real array

Input

On entry: X(i,j) must contain the value of the jth variable for the ith object, for $i=1,2,\ldots,n;$ $j=1,2,\ldots,M.$

5: LDX – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array X as declared in the (sub)program from which G03EFF is called.

Constraint: $LDX \ge N$.

6: ISX(M) – INTEGER array

Input

On entry: ISX(j) indicates whether or not the jth variable is to be included in the analysis. If ISX(j) > 0, then the variable contained in the jth column of X is included, for $j = 1, 2, \dots, M$.

Constraint: ISX(j) > 0 for NVAR values of j.

7: NVAR – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the number of variables included in the sums of squares calculations, p.

Constraint: $1 \leq NVAR \leq M$.

8: K – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the number of clusters, K.

Constraint: $K \ge 2$.

9: CMEANS(LDC,NVAR) – *real* array

Input/Output

On entry: CMEANS(i, j) must contain the value of the jth variable for the ith initial cluster centre, for i = 1, 2, ..., K; j = 1, 2, ..., p.

On exit: CMEANS(i, j) contains the value of the jth variable for the ith computed cluster centre, for i = 1, 2, ..., K; j = 1, 2, ..., p.

10: LDC - INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array CMEANS as declared in the (sub)program from which G03EFF is called.

Constraint: LDC \geq K.

G03EFF.2 [NP3546/20]

11: WT(*) - real array

Input

Note: the dimension of the array WT must be at least N if WEIGHT = 'W' and must be at least 1 otherwise.

On entry: if WEIGHT = 'W', then the first n elements of WT must contain the weights to be used. If WT(i) = 0.0, then the ith observation is not included in the analysis. The effective number of observation is the sum of the weights.

If WEIGHT = 'U', then WT is not referenced and the effective number of observations is n.

Constraint: if WEIGHT = 'W', then $WT(i) \ge 0.0$, for i = 1, 2, ..., n and WT(i) > 0.0 for at least two values of i.

12: INC(N) – INTEGER array

Output

On exit: INC(i) contains the cluster to which the ith object has been allocated, for i = 1, 2, ..., n.

13: NIC(K) – INTEGER array

Output

On exit: NIC(i) contains the number of objects in the ith cluster, for i = 1, 2, ..., K.

14: CSS(K) – *real* array

Output

On exit: CSS(i) contains the within-cluster (weighted) sum of squares of the ith cluster, for i = 1, 2, ..., K.

15: CSW(K) – *real* array

Output

On exit: CSW(i) contains the within-cluster sum of weights of the ith cluster, for i = 1, 2, ..., K. If WEIGHT = 'U', the sum of weights is the number of objects in the cluster.

16: MAXIT – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the maximum number of iterations allowed in the analysis.

Constraint: MAXIT > 0.

Suggested value: MAXIT = 10.

17: IWK(N+3*K) - INTEGER array

Workspace

18: WK(N+2*K) - real array

Workspace

19: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, for users not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, WEIGHT \neq 'W' or 'U',

[NP3546/20] G03EFF.3

```
N < 2.
      or
                NVAR < 1.
      or
                M < NVAR,
      or
      or
                K < 2,
                LDX < N,
      or
                LDC < K.
      or
                MAXIT \leq 0.
      or
IFAIL = 2
      On entry, WEIGHT = 'W' and a value of WT(i) < 0.0 for some i,
                WEIGHT = 'W' and WT(i) = 0.0 for all or all but one values of i.
```

IFAIL = 3

On entry, the number of positive values in ISX does not equal NVAR.

```
IFAIL = 4
```

On entry, at least one cluster is empty after the initial assignment. Try a different set of initial cluster centres in CMEANS and also consider decreasing the value of K. The empty clusters may be found by examining the values in NIC.

```
IFAIL = 5
```

Convergence has not been achieved within the maximum number of iterations given by MAXIT. Try increasing MAXIT and, if possible, use the returned values in CMEANS as the initial cluster centres.

7 Accuracy

The routine produces clusters that are locally optimal; the within-cluster sum of squares may not be decreased by transferring a point from one cluster to another, but different partitions may have the same or smaller within-cluster sum of squares.

8 Further Comments

The time per iteration is approximately proportional to npK.

9 Example

The data consists of observations of five variables on twenty soils Hartigan and Wong (1979). The data is read in, the K-means clustering performed and the results printed.

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses **bold italicised** terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
GO3EFF Example Program Text
 Mark 20 Revised. NAG Copyright 2001.
 .. Parameters ..
 INTEGER
                         NIN, NOUT
 PARAMETER
                          (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
                         NMAX, MMAX, KMAX
 INTEGER
                         (NMAX=20, MMAX=5, KMAX=3)
 PARAMETER
 .. Local Scalars ..
 INTEGER
                         I, IFAIL, J, K, LDC, LDX, M, MAXIT, N, NVAR
 CHARACTER
                         WEIGHT
 .. Local Arrays ..
                         CMEANS(KMAX, MMAX), CSS(KMAX), CSW(KMAX),
                         \texttt{WK} \, (\, \texttt{NMAX} + 2 \, \star \, \texttt{KMAX} \,) \,\, , \quad \texttt{WT} \, (\, \texttt{NMAX} \,) \,\, , \quad \texttt{X} \, (\, \texttt{NMAX} \,, \, \texttt{MMAX} \,)
+
```

G03EFF.4 [NP3546/20]

```
INTEGER
                        INC(NMAX), ISX(MMAX), IWK(NMAX+3*KMAX), NIC(KMAX)
      .. External Subroutines ..
      EXTERNAL
                       GO3EFF
      .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'G03EFF Example Program Results'
      Skip heading in the data file
      READ (NIN, *)
      READ (NIN,*) WEIGHT, N, M, NVAR, K, MAXIT
      IF (N.LE.NMAX .AND. M.LE.MMAX) THEN
         IF (WEIGHT.EQ.'W' .OR. WEIGHT.EQ.'w') THEN
            DO 20 I = 1, N
               READ (NIN, \star) (X(I,J),J=1,M), WT(I)
            CONTINUE
   2.0
         ELSE
            DO 40 I = 1, N
               READ (NIN, \star) (X(I,J),J=1,M)
   40
            CONTINUE
         END IF
         DO 60 I = 1, K
            READ (NIN,*) (CMEANS(I,J),J=1,NVAR)
   60
         CONTINUE
         READ (NIN, \star) (ISX(J), J=1, M)
         LDX = NMAX
         LDC = KMAX
         IFAIL = 0
         CALL GO3EFF(WEIGHT, N, M, X, LDX, ISX, NVAR, K, CMEANS, LDC, WT, INC, NIC,
                      CSS, CSW, MAXIT, IWK, WK, IFAIL)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         WRITE (NOUT, *) ' The cluster each point belongs to'
         WRITE (NOUT, 99999) (INC(I), I=1,N)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         WRITE (NOUT,*) ' The number of points in each cluster'
         WRITE (NOUT, 99999) (NIC(I), I=1, K)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
           ' The within-cluster sum of weights of each cluster'
         WRITE (NOUT, 99998) (CSW(I), I=1,K)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
            ^{\prime} The within-cluster sum of squares of each cluster ^{\prime}
         WRITE (NOUT, 99997) (CSS(I), I=1, K)
         WRITE (NOUT, *)
         WRITE (NOUT,*) ' The final cluster centres'
         WRITE (NOUT,*)
                               1
                                                3
                                                         4
         DO 80 I = 1, K
            WRITE (NOUT, 99996) I, (CMEANS(I, J), J=1, NVAR)
   80
         CONTINUE
      END IF
      STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,1016)
99998 FORMAT (1x,5F9.2)
99997 FORMAT (1X,5F13.4)
99996 FORMAT (1X, 15, 5X, 5F8.4)
      END
```

[NP3546/20] G03EFF.5

9.2 Program Data

```
GO3EFF Example Program Data
'u' 20 5 5 3 10
                                       : WEIGHT N M NVAR K MAXIT
77.3 13.0 9.7 1.5 6.4 82.5 10.0 7.5 1.5 6.5
66.9 20.6 12.5 2.3 7.0
47.2 33.8 19.0 2.8 5.8
65.3 20.5 14.2 1.9 6.9
83.3 10.0 6.7 2.2 7.0
81.6 12.7 5.7 2.9 6.7
47.8 36.5 15.7 2.3 7.2
48.6 37.1 14.3 2.1 7.2
61.6 25.5 12.9 1.9 7.3
58.6 26.5 14.9 2.4 6.7
69.3 22.3 8.4 4.0 7.0
61.8 30.8 7.4 2.7 6.4
67.7 25.3 7.0 4.8 7.3
57.2 31.2 11.6 2.4 6.5
67.2 22.7 10.1 3.3 6.2
59.2 31.2 9.6 2.4 6.0
80.2 13.2 6.6 2.0 5.8
82.2 11.1 6.7 2.2 7.2
69.7 20.7 9.6 3.1 5.9
                                : CMEANS
82.5 10.0 7.5 1.5 6.5
47.8 36.5 15.7 2.3 7.2
67.2 22.7 10.1 3.3 6.2
1 1 1 1 1
                                       : ISX
```

9.3 Program Results

```
GO3EFF Example Program Results
```

```
The cluster each point belongs to
   1 1 3 2 3 1
3 3 3 3 3 3
                                  1 2 2 3
3 1 1 3
The number of points in each cluster
             11
The within-cluster sum of weights of each cluster
   6.00 3.00 11.00
The within-cluster sum of squares of each cluster
                         468.8964
    46.5717
               20.3800
The final cluster centres
                         3
            1 2
        81.1833 11.6667 7.1500 2.0500 6.6000
  2
        47.8667 35.8000 16.3333 2.4000 6.7333
  3
        64.0455 25.2091 10.7455 2.8364 6.6545
```

[NP3546/20] G03EFF.6 (last)