NAG Fortran Library Routine Document G05PAF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G05PAF generates a realisation of a univariate time series from an autoregressive moving average (ARMA) model. The realisation may be continued or a new realisation generated at subsequent calls to G05PAF.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE GO5PAF(MODE, XMEAN, IP, PHI, IQ, THETA, AVAR, VAR, N, X, IGEN, ISEED, R, NR, IFAIL)

INTEGER

MODE, IP, IQ, N, IGEN, ISEED(4), NR, IFAIL

real

XMEAN, PHI(*), THETA(*), AVAR, VAR, X(*), R(NR)
```

3 Description

Let the vector x_t , denote a time series which is assumed to follow an autoregressive moving average (ARMA) model of the form:

$$x_{t} - \mu = \phi_{1}(x_{t-1} - \mu) + \phi_{2}(x_{t-2} - \mu) + \dots + \phi_{p}(x_{t-p} - \mu) + \\ \epsilon_{t} - \theta_{1}\epsilon_{t-1} - \theta_{2}\epsilon_{t-2} - \dots - \theta_{q}\epsilon_{t-q}$$
(1)

where ϵ_t , is a residual series of independent random perturbations assumed to be Normally distributed with zero mean and variance σ^2 . The parameters $\{\phi_i\}$, for $i=1,2,\ldots,p$, are called the autoregressive (AR) parameters, and $\{\theta_j\}$, for $j=1,2,\ldots,q$, the moving average (MA) parameters. The parameters in the model are thus the $p\phi$ -values, the $q\theta$ -values, the mean μ and the residual variance σ^2 .

The routine sets up a reference vector containing initial values corresponding to a stationary position using the method described in Tunnicliffe-Wilson (1979). The routine can then return a realisation of x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n . On a successful exit, the recent history is updated and saved in the reference vector R so that G05PAF may be called again to generate a realisation of x_{n+1}, x_{n+2}, \ldots , etc. See the description of the parameter MODE in Section 5 for details.

One of the initialisation routines G05KBF (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or G05KCF (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to G05PAF.

4 References

Knuth D E (1981) The Art of Computer Programming (Volume 2) (2nd Edition) Addison-Wesley

Tunnicliffe-Wilson G (1979) Some efficient computational procedures for high order ARMA models *J. Statist. Comput. Simulation* **8** 301–309

5 Parameters

1: MODE – INTEGER Input

On entry: a code for selecting the operation to be performed by the routine:

MODE = 0

Set up reference vector only.

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MODE = 1

Generate terms in the time series using reference vector set up in a prior call to G05PAF.

MODE = 2

Set up reference vector and generate terms in the time series.

Constraint: MODE = 0, 1 or 2.

2: XMEAN – real Input

On entry: the mean of the time series.

3: IP – INTEGER Input

On entry: the number of autoregressive coefficients supplied, p.

Constraint: $IP \geq 0$.

4: PHI(*) - real array Input

Note: the dimension of the array PHI must be at least max(1, IP).

On entry: the autoregressive coefficients of the model, $\phi_1, \phi_2, \ldots, \phi_v$.

5: IQ – INTEGER Input

On entry: the number of moving average coefficients supplied, q.

Constraint: $IQ \ge 0$.

6: THETA(*) – real array Input

Note: the dimension of the array THETA must be at least max(1, IQ).

On entry: the moving average coefficients of the model, $\theta_1, \theta_2, \dots, \theta_q$.

7: AVAR – real Input

On entry: the variance of the normal perturbations, σ^2 .

8: VAR – real Output

On exit: the proportion of the variance of a term in the series that is due to the moving-average (error) terms in the model. The smaller this is, the nearer is the model to non-stationarity.

9: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: the number of observations to be generated, n.

Constraint: $N \ge 0$.

10: X(*) - real array Output

Note: the dimension of the array X must be at least max(1, N).

On exit: contains the next n observations from the time series.

11: IGEN – INTEGER Input

On entry: must contain the identification number for the generator to be used to return a pseudorandom number and should remain unchanged following initialisation by a prior call to one of the routines G05KBF or G05KCF.

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12: ISEED(4) – INTEGER array

Input/Output

On entry: contains values which define the current state of the selected generator.

On exit: contains updated values defining the new state of the selected generator.

13: R(NR) - real array

Input/Output

On exit: the reference vector.

14: NR – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array R as declared in the (sub)program from which G05PAF is called.

Constraint: $NR \ge IP + IQ + 5 + max(IP, IQ + 1)$.

15: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, for users not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

```
IFAIL = 1
```

On entry, N < 0.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, IP < 0.

IFAIL = 3

On entry, IQ < 0.

IFAIL = 4

On entry, AVAR < 0.

IFAIL = 5

On entry, MODE < 0, or MODE > 2.

IFAIL = 6

On entry, NR < IP + IQ + 5 + max(IP, IQ + 1).

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IFAIL = 7

PHI does not define a stationary autoregresive process.

IFAIL = 8

Either R has been corrupted or the value of IP or IQ is not the same as when R was set up in a previous call with MODE = 0 or 2.

7 Accuracy

The errors in the initialisation process should be very much smaller than the error term; see Tunnicliffe-Wilson (1979).

8 Further Comments

The time taken by the routine is essentially of order (IP)².

Note: G05KBF and G05KCF must be used with care if this routine is used as well. The reference vector, as mentioned before, contains a copy of the recent history of the series. This will not be altered properly by calls to any of the above routines. A call to G05KBF or G05KCF should be followed by a call to G05PAF with MODE = 0 to re-initialise the time series reference vector in use. To maintain repeatability with G05KBF, the calls to G05PAF should be performed in the same order and at the same point or points in the simulation every time G05KBF is used. When the generator state is saved and restored using the parameters IGEN and ISEED, the time series reference vector must be saved and restored as well.

The ARMA model for a time series can also be written as:

$$(x_n - E) = A_1(x_{n-1} - E) + \dots + A_{NA}(x_{n-NA} - E) + B_1a_n + \dots + B_{NB}a_{n-NB+1}$$

where

 x_n is the observed value of the time series at time n,

NA is the number of autoregressive parameters, A_i ,

NB is the number of moving average parameters, B_i ,

E is the mean of the time series,

and

 a_t is a series of independent random Standard Normal perturbations.

This is the form used in G05EGF. This is related to the form given in Section 3 by:

$$B_1^2=\sigma^2,$$
 $B_{i+1}=- heta_i\sigma=- heta_iB_1,\quad i=1,2,\dots,q,$ $\mathrm{NB}=q+1,$ $E=c,$ $A_i=\phi_i,\quad i=1,2,\dots,p,$ $\mathrm{NA}=p.$

9 Example

This example program calls G05PAF to set up the reference vector for an autoregressive model after initialisation by G05KBF. The model is given by

$$x_t = 0.4x_{t-1} + 0.2x_{t-2} + \epsilon_t$$

where ϵ_t is a series of independent random Normal perturbations with variance 1.0. G05PAF is then called generate a sample of ten observations, which are printed.

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9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses *bold italicised* terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
GO5PAF Example Program Text
      Mark 20 Release. NAG Copyright 2001.
      .. Parameters ..
                       IP, IQ, N, NR
      TNTEGER
      PARAMETER
                       (IP=2,IQ=0,N=10,NR=IP+IQ+5+IP)
      INTEGER
                       NOUT
      PARAMETER
                       (NOUT=6)
      .. Local Scalars ..
      real
                       AVAR, VAR, XMEAN
      INTEGER
                       I, IFAIL, IGEN
      .. Local Arrays ..
      real
                       PHI(IP), R(NR), THETA(1), X(N)
                       ISEED(4)
      INTEGER
      .. External Subroutines ..
                       G05KBF, G05PAF
      EXTERNAL
      .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT,*) 'G05PAF Example Program Results'
      WRITE (NOUT, *)
      Set the ARMA model parameters
      XMEAN = 0.0e0
      PHI(1) = 0.4e0
      PHI(2) = 0.2e0
      AVAR = 1.0e0
      Initialise the seed to a repeatable sequence
      ISEED(1) = 1762543
      ISEED(2) = 9324783
      ISEED(3) = 4234401
      ISEED(4) = 742355
      IGEN identifies the stream.
      IGEN = 1
      CALL GO5KBF(IGEN, ISEED)
      IFAIL = 0
      Set up the reference vector
      CALL GO5PAF(O,XMEAN,IP,PHI,IQ,THETA,AVAR,VAR,N,X,IGEN,ISEED,R,NR,
                  IFAIL)
      Generate a sample of 10 observations
      CALL GO5PAF(1, XMEAN, IP, PHI, IQ, THETA, AVAR, VAR, N, X, IGEN, ISEED, R, NR,
                  IFAIL)
      DO 20 I = 1, N
         WRITE (NOUT, 99999) X(I)
   20 CONTINUE
      STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,F12.4)
      END
```

9.2 Program Data

None.

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9.3 Program Results

GO5PAF Example Program Results

- -1.0654
- -0.2828
- -2.0924 -2.3304 -2.5998

- -1.7143

- -2.4882 -1.3882 -2.2722 -1.8806

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